

Offer of Early Help 2023/2024

What is Early Help?

Early Help and early intervention are ways to support children and families before problems become too serious. They are also known as **prevention services.**

These services are part of a **continuum of support**, which means they can be provided at any stage of a child or young person's life, from the early years right through to adolescence. Professionals can work with parents, carers and significant adults, children, or whole families.

The phrase Early Help means offering support at the earliest possible time in a child's life to help improve their outcomes and prevent escalation of need or risk of harm.

Early Help support is voluntary so a referral is usually carried out with the family. Also, families can self-refer. If a professional makes an inter-agency referral, then Social Services may suggest Early Help support for the family.

Research suggests that early help and intervention can:

- Protect children from harm
- Reduce the need for a referral to child protection services
- Improve children's long-term outcomes
- Improve children's home and family life
- Support children to develop strengths and skills to prepare them for adult life

Working Together to Safeguard Children (HM Government 2018) says:

"Providing early help is more effective in promoting the welfare of children than reacting later. Early help means providing support as soon as a problem emerges, at any point in a child's life, from the foundation years through to the teenage years. Early help can also prevent further problems arising; for example, if it is provided as part of a support plan where a child has returned home to their family from care, or in families where there are emerging parental mental health issues or drug and alcohol misuse. Effective early help relies upon local organisations and agencies working together to:

- Identify children and families who would benefit from early help
- Undertake an assessment of the need for early help
- Provide targeted early help services to address the assessed needs of a child and their family which focuses on activity to improve the outcomes for the child"

'Early Help' is therefore an umbrella term that describes the work of many agencies engaged with children and families including schools, health services, police, housing providers, local authorities, and many others. Our Offer of Early Help should be viewed alongside our <u>Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy</u> and is an approach, not a service.

In Gloucestershire, there is a belief that young people and their families are best supported by practitioners who are already working with them, as well as wider agencies, organisations, and services within their community. These organisations include health services, schools, teaching providers, councils, charities and voluntary groups, children and family centres, the police, housing providers and many others. Children and young people with additional needs will be supported through a <u>graduated pathway of Early Help and</u> <u>support.</u>

Early Help Practitioners include:

Early help coordinators: Provide support for practitioners who are working with children and families to meet their needs through the graduated pathway.

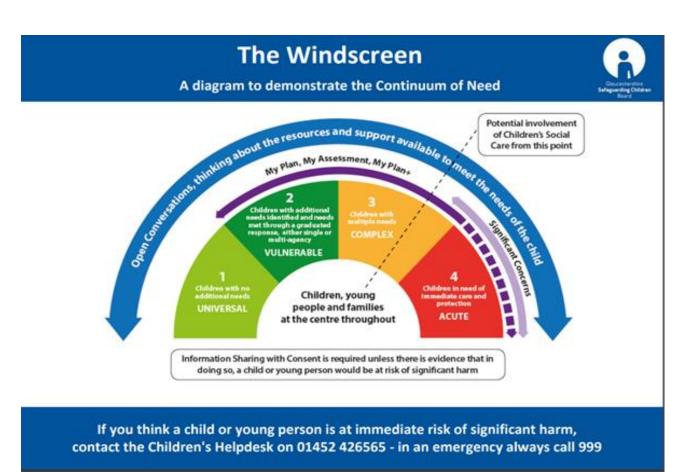
<u>Community social workers:</u> Work with organisations to provide a social worker perspective on the families they are supporting. This supports practitioners to ensure families receive the right level of support and act as a link between children's social care and the community.

<u>Early Help practitioner managers</u>: Support partnership work between organisations in communities to support the development of resources available to children and families.

Our offer of Early Help respects every family's right to access information to help manage their own lives successfully, whilst guiding them to seek support from appropriate sources to build on strengths within families. The 'Offer' is available for all children, as issues may arise at any point in a child or young person's life. The support available includes universal, targeted and specialist services, to reduce or prevent concerns from escalating or becoming entrenched. They are assessed in accordance with <u>Gloucestershire's Levels of Intervention</u> guidance.

Figure one is a diagram illustrating how services support a continuum of need.

Figure 1



What are Universal, Targeted and Specialist provision for children, young people and their families?

Universal: These will often be services that are available to all children and young people, and their families. They can be accessed without needing any specialist resources or assessment.

Targeted: These are services for children and young people who may need additional support to access services or may need groups or services that are specifically designed to meet their needs. Some targeted provision can be accessed directly with or without an assessment.

Specialist: These are services for children and young people with severe and/or complex needs who are likely to require even more support than is available either through universal or targeted services. These services will require an assessment of need.

Adverse Childhood Experiences

Adverse childhood experiences, (or ACEs), are potentially traumatic events that occur in childhood (0-17 years). For example: experiencing violence, abuse, or neglect. witnessing

violence in the home or community. There is a large body of evidence on the impact of ACEs on the health and well-being of children that can persist into adulthood. The more adversity a child experiences, the more likely it is to impact on their mental and physical health later in their lives. This is why Early Help is so important, particularly through developing positive relationships with trusted adults, which has shown to build resilience and mitigate the impact of ACEs on child and adolescent development. It also stresses the importance of whole-family working in Early Help in order to understand and address ACEs in adults that may impact on their capacity to care for their children. It is for this reason that all of the Early Help service we offer is focused on positive relationships underpinned by mutual respect. Consent to work with families will always be sought prior to making any referrals.

Figure 2 illustrates the types of adverse childhood experiences that impact on child development.

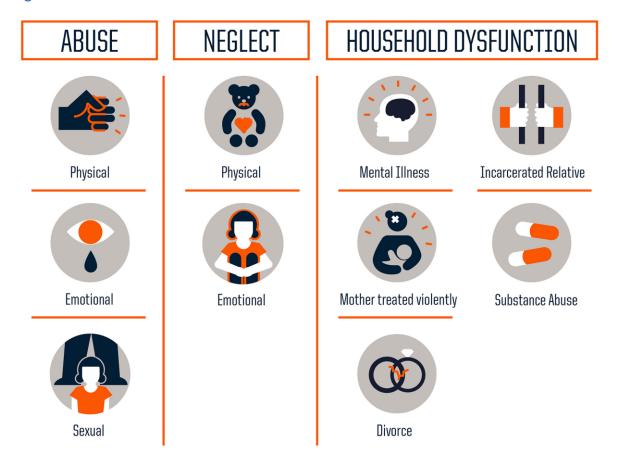


Figure 2

At Barnwood Park School, we are committed to working together and in partnership with all agencies providing services to children, young people and their families. The Graduated Pathway of Early Help and targeted support is our assessment and planning process which provides an integrated and holistic framework to support all practitioners working with children, young people and families. This applies to the whole range of needs including:

- Educational
- Social or emotional and / or disability
- Wider family and environmental

The Graduated Pathway supports a whole family approach and is based on a simple Assess, Plan, Do, Review cycle. See the <u>SEND Code of Practice 0-25 (2015)</u> for more information.

"All staff should be aware of the Early Help process and understand their role in it. This includes identifying emerging problems, liaising with the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), sharing information with other professionals to support early identification and assessment and, in some cases, acting as the lead professional in undertaking an early help assessment." Keeping Children Safe in Education (Department for Education).

What is the role of the Lead Professional?

Any professional can be a Lead Professional and should co-ordinate support services. A teacher, a Special Educational Needs and Disability Coordinator (SENDCo), GP, Family Support Worker, School Nurse, Education Welfare Officer or Education Health Care Assistant could undertake the role; the lead may change over the lifetime of the plan as different needs are identified. The lead practitioner will always seek consent from the young person and their family before developing a graduated, multi-agency response. N assessment of need will be done holistically to inform either A My Plan or My Plan Plus. Also, this assessment might help the SENDCo to build a picture of need and support that can be used in an application for an Education Health Care Plan (EHCP).

If the family or young person will not consent to share information using an Early Help assessment or withdraws their consent for Early Help, school practitioners will continue to support the needs of the child or young person and their family through ordinary available provision and services. This will provide future opportunities to engage them with additional support, strengthen relationships and also allow for professionals to continue monitoring for safeguarding concerns. Should it be deemed necessary, a multi-agency service referral may be made if professionals believe a child to be at immediate risk of harm. Our three safeguarding partners, Police, Social Services and Health will support in agreeing whether the referral meets the threshold for Section 47 enquiries. This overrides the need for consent and will lead to either a single or joint assessment.

Examples of Early Help:

- Family Support
- Food Bank Referral
- School Nurse Support
- Housing Support
- Mentoring and Tutoring
- Behaviour Support
- Attendance Support
- Benefit Support

Who may benefit from Early Help?

All school staff should be particularly alert to the potential need for Early Help for a child who:

- Has mental health needs
- Is a young carer
- Has SEND
- Has returned home from care
- Is persistently absent from school or with patterns of absence
- Lives in a home with alcohol or drugs misuse
- Is living with domestic violence

(Source KCSIE 2023)

Early help at Barnwood Park School is also offered in relation to the following areas in collaboration with other agencies:

- Lack of engagement in learning or lack of academic progress
- Developmental and learning or Speech and language delay
- Emotional and behavioural needs
- Child on Child abuse or Teenage Relationship Abuse
- Harmful Sexualised Behaviour
- Hate Incidents towards those with characteristics protected under the Equality Act 2010
- Parenting skills
- Involvement or associations with Gangs and Youth Violence
- Gender based violence or abuse (violence against women and girls, including FGM)
- Honour Based Abuse or violence
- Health and nutrition
- Radicalisation or Extremism
- Sharing of nude and or semi-nude images

- Child Sexual or Criminal Exploitation
- Bereavement
- Physical Health
- Risk of not being in Education or Employment post 16

What professionals and services are available?

- Pastoral Support from all teachers and support staff
- Health Care Assistant
- School Counsellor
- Educational Tutors
- Education Welfare Officer
- External mentors
- Education Psychology Service
- Advisory Teaching Service
- Speech and Language Therapist
- Early Help Coordinators
- Community Social Workers
- Youth Support Team
- Young Gloucestershire
- Gloucestershire Young Carers
- Young Minds Matter
- Teens in Crisis (TIC+) and other counsellors
- Relate
- Gloucestershire Domestic Abuse Support Service (GDASS)
- Safe Teenage Relationship Education & Empowerment Team (STREET)
- Gay Glos Mermaids
- Family Support Workers
- Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)
- School Nurse
- Police and School beat officers
- Victim Support Team
- Fostering and Adoption Support
- Edge of Care Team
- Special Educational Needs and Disability Information, Advice and Support Service SENDIASS
- Winston's Wish and other Bereavement support charities and organisations
- Prevent
- Alternative Provision

Figure 3 lays out various services available to students and their families:

Barnwood Park Early Help Offer

Universal Support for all children and families

All staff are available in a pastoral capacity should parents have a concern about their child's academic progress and/or a welfare, pastoral or safeguarding concern. Our staff may not know the answer but will always try to find out or sign-post parents or other professionals to the right place for support. Parents should in the first instance speak to their child's class teacher or form teacher depending on the concern they have. If parents have already explored that avenue but would like to speak to someone else, then they should contact the Head of Year.

Pastoral Team Key Stage 3 Heads of Year

Mrs Porter: Head of Year 7 Mrs Foster: Head of Year 8 – Assistant SENDCo Miss Owen: Head of Year 9

Assistant Heads of Year Miss Williams: Assistant Head of Year 7 Mrs Dee: Assistant Head of Year 8 Mrs Petrie: Assistant Head of Year 9

Head of Key Stage 3: Mr Lewis

Pastoral Team Key Stage 4 Mrs Biles: Head of Year 10 Mrs Wellington: Head of Year 11

Assistant Heads of Year Mr Backhouse: Assistant Head of Year 10 Mrs Pearson: Assistant Head of Year 11

Head of Key Stage 4: Mrs Blackwood

Behaviour, Attitudes & Attendance

Attendance manager: Mrs Magovern Education Welfare Officer: Miss Moule Attendance Lead: Mrs Aboud Head of Behaviour, Attitudes and Attendance: Mr Gardner

Special Educational Needs

Strategic Lead for SEND & Alternative Provision: Miss Jenkins SENDCo: Miss Knight Assistant SENDCo: Mrs Foster Assistant SENDCo: Mrs Simpson

Designated Safeguarding Leads

Miss Young: Assistant Head Personal Development & Welfare - Designated Safeguarding and Mental Health Lead Mrs Allen: Designated Safeguarding Lead

Form	All students have an allocated form teacher who they say daily. This is their
	All students have an allocated form teacher who they see daily. This is their
Teacher	first point of contact for any issues. Parents and carers can email their
	child's form teacher. In addition, there are scheduled parental meetings
	but parents and carers are encouraged to liaise more regularly as required. Form teachers are responsible for overseeing the academic and pastoral
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	wellbeing of their form as well as liaising with other staff within the school as required to ensure that the appropriate support is in place as soon as a
	need is identified. Form teachers will track attendance and encourage
	students to take on areas of responsibility in the school as well as inform
	them of extracurricular clubs and events happening in the school.
Heads of	Will monitor progress, attendance and wellbeing. They will also deliver a
Year	programme of relevant assemblies to support with character development
icai	and keep students informed of world events. They will monitor attainment
	and hold praise assemblies to recognise the achievements in the year
	group. They will support with transition into Year 7, during the Options
	process and transition to Post 16 arrangements. They will provide pastoral
	support when needed.
Library	The library is open to all year groups from 8am until 3.15pm. At
	lunchtimes, students require a pass to make sure that students are using
	the library resources as we intend them to be used. Homework can be
	printed in the library and students have access to various clubs such as
	Chess Club and the Carnegie book group. Year 7 students have an
	opportunity to become student librarians.
Breakfast	The canteen is open to all students from 8.15am where a selection of hot
Club	and cold food and drink is available to purchase.
	Teaching staff are contracted to work from 8.30am so if your child is
	arriving to school earlier than this they should only be in the canteen until
	then.
Lunchtime	Staff are available at lunchtime to provide Pastoral care and support to
Support	students. The toilets, canteen and social areas are all supervised. Students
	can seek support from a Head of Year at the Attendance and Behaviour
6	Centre.
Surveys	Students and staff at Barnwood Park regularly receive online surveys to
	gain information from all stakeholders that allows us to monitor and
	provide appropriate education, support or services to all members of the school community. Surveys inform our PSHE curriculum and changes to the
	school where possible.
	I am me app: <u>www.iammeapp.com</u> The Positive Mental Health App for
	Young People
	Kooth online: <u>https://www.kooth.com/</u> - an online wellbeing service, run
	in partnership with the NHS and recognised by the BACP (British
	Association for Counselling and Psychotherapy), and students can be
	referred to access support here.
	YMM Chat: <u>https://www.ghc.nhs.uk/mhst-support/</u>
PSHE	At Barnwood Park, staff deliver regular PSHE (Personal Social Health
curriculum	Education) lessons which include topics from the RSE curriculum,
	(Relationship and Sex Education) and Health Education. It is compulsory for

all schools to teach this curriculum from September 2020. Other topics include Drugs Education as well as a whole school approach to SMSC (Spiritual Moral Social and Cultural). The comprehensive PSHE curriculum covers many aspects of keeping young people safe, healthy, resilient and aware of the world around them so that they can make informed choices. Other specific topics that help students stay safe and that are also covered within the PSHE curriculum include age-appropriate content, gang and youth violence, consent, inclusion, online safety and healthy relationships.

Relationships. Sex and Health education:

Positive and loving relationships, contraception and emergency contraception. Help/advice/where to get further information. Fertility and sexual health, the impact of STIs/drugs, legal consent age and 'giving and getting consent' (Gloucestershire healthy living and learning team (GHLL) resource). Teenage pregnancy.

Gender, identity and tolerance: Conflict and bullying, preventing homophobic, biphobic and transphobic bullying; preventing bullying of students from different types of families (e.g., same sex parents); avoiding anti-gay derogatory language; gender identity and stereotype- there isn't such thing as a typical girl, boy or relationship. Understanding and acceptance of others different than us, including those with different religions.

Drugs: Legal and Illegal: Addiction, Alcohol, Smoking and the classification and impacts of illegal drugs. The reasons people are drawn to addiction and scientific models to support understanding about what leads to mental ill health are also covered.

Keeping Safe: E-safety (social media and internet); personal safety (out and about); how to respond to an emergency; the sharing of nude and/or semi nude images (sexting) - what is it, is it illegal and how to take control and stay safe? Appropriate assertiveness. How to stay safe from radicalisation and extremism, how to stay safe from teenage relationship abuse and other current safeguarding issues like criminal exploitation and County Lines. Honour Based Abuse (HBA), Forced Marriage and Female Genital Mutilation (FGM).

Up-skirting and the law.

Emotional well-being: Where to go for help if you, your friend or family member is struggling with emotional well-being/mental health problems. What are the signs someone is struggling? What makes you feel good? How to look after you own emotional well-being using the 5 ways to wellbeing; personal strength and self-esteem; stress management; self-harm and suicide prevention.

Relationships: How to make and maintain friendship; family relationships; different types of families; abusive relationships (teenage relationship advice curriculum).

Healthy Living: Taking responsibility for managing your own health using the Facts4Life curriculum in KS3 and the 5 ways to wellbeing; Importance

 of sleep; The main components of healthy living (diet, exercise and wellbeing); focus on the importance of a balanced, nutritional diet; managing health and wellbeing when you are unwell, (making sure you take your medicine when you should, doing what you can do within t limitations of your health condition), self-image. Clubs Clubs Description of the ongoing PSHE Curriculum for students (RS SMSC and Careers). The Computer Science curriculum also covers different aspects of intersafety. All electronic devices owned by the school are subject to our filtering monitoring software so that safeguarding concerns can be identified actioned appropriately. All staff and students must sign an acceptable policy. 	he SE,
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	euser
All staff, students and parents/carers have a responsibility to follow o	ur E-
Safety policy and maintain professional conduct online.	
The Parent's section of the school website contains an E-safety section	
contains links to web sites that offer guidance on e-safety including N	
online safety page and link to <u>'ThinkUKnow</u> ' a site that contains lots o	of tips
and videos for both parents and students.	
PACE (parents against child exploitation) UK is a useful website to eng	gage
parents with e-safety issues. <u>www.paceuk.info/</u>	
Parents will receive information about current online safety concerns	
throughout the year via the website, school comms and the Newslett	
Careers All students have careers information and events across the year in fo	
time, assembly, trips and visits relevant to their year in preparation for transition to Post 16 education and adulthood. These focus on study	
growth mind-set, character development, future careers financial	58115,
education and life skills.	
A member of staff coordinates access to specific career focused even	ts
across the year for each Year group. Year 11 have a bespoke interview	
where they practice interviews with local businesses, private business	ses
and civil services. All years are invited to our annual careers fayre whe	ere
local education and careers attend to provide information about care	er
pathways.	
A Career Advisor is available to discuss future career pathways, furthe	
higher educational provision, work experience and employability skill	
Bespoke advice and guidance on interview skills and College or 6 th Fo	
applications, employer/educational workshops targeting a wide varie	
careers and labour market information. In year 11, every Year 11 has individual interview as well as an assembly from each further educati	
provider in the area to support their applications.	
The Head of Year, Education Wellfare Officer and Careers Advisor ide	ntifies
and supports students at risk of becoming NEET (Not in Education	
Employment or Training), in the future.	
Helping At Barnwood Park, staff regularly refer to other teachers for academi	С
students mentoring to support with organisation or revision guidance or to lea	
know where mentors from external mentoring services. Mentors will see students	_
to go for regularly depending on the needs identified by the referrer. Consent	will
help if they be sought and obtained from the student and parents for any externation	al
need it. support offered.	

	Staff may also signpost students to helpline numbers and text services
	which they can access if they need someone to talk to:
	TIC+ Counselling service: <u>https://www.ticplus.org.uk/</u>
	Samaritans national contact ring: 116 123 (24 hours) Jo@samaritans.org
	Gloucester Samaritans (9am – 10pm) tel: 0330 094 5717
	Cheltenham Samaritans (8am – 10pm) 0330 094 5717
	Childline: 0800 1111 - www.childline.org.uk
	Rethink Gloucestershire Self Harm Helpline Freephone: 0808 801 0606
	text support: 075 37410022. www.gloucestershireselfharm.org Available
	to adults and children and young people who self-harm, are thinking about
	self-harming or are worried about someone who is self-harming.
	YoungMinds <u>www.youngminds.org.uk</u> (web based support for young
	people)
	PAPYRUS: <u>www.papyrus-uk.org</u> Provides confidential help and advice to
	prevent suicide in young people.
	Tel HOPELineUK: 08000 0684141 SMS: 0778600 39967
D .	email: <u>pat@papyrus-uk.org</u>
Bullying	All Gloucestershire schools are committed to tackling bullying. At
(including	Barnwood Park there is an <u>Anti-Bullying and Conlfict Policy</u> We want to
cyber-	know immediately if there are any issues with conflict, bullying or hate
bullying)	incidents at Barnwood Park so they can be addressed. We have a series of
	teaching resources produced by the Gloucestershire Healthy Living and
Child death/	Learning Team (<u>www.ghll.org.uk</u>) to support our anti bullying and hate
suicide/ prevention	work.
prevention	HELPLINE 01452 427208
	In serious cases of bullying parents should raise their concern using the
	<u>concerns@barnwood-park.gloucs.sch.uk</u> email. The safeguarding team will
	work with our local safeguarding partners throughout the year and
	escalate concerns as required. For incidents outside of school or online, parents/carers should report
	abuse to the police, particularly where threats are involved. This also
	applies for any online bullying.
	Other sources of help and advice:
	<u>https://www.gloucestershire.gov.uk/gscp/</u> (Gloucestershire Safeguarding
	children's board), or Gloucestershire Healthy Living and Learning team
	provide alerts and resources in relation to supporting young people
	experiencing bullying. Education about bullying is an integral part of the
	Barnwood Park PSHE curriculum <u>www.ghll.org.uk</u> .
Support for	Any child or family who may have additional needs is likely to be supported
Vulnerable	through a My Plan
Children	
and	
Families	
CEND	Information can be found in the CEND Information Department of CEND D.
SEND	Information can be found in the SEND Information Report and SEND Policy
	available on the school website.
Lunchtime	Vulnerable students may require additional support and may benefit from
Support	having access to a quieter space. The Learning Centre offers a safe space
	for students with a My Plan or EHCP where students can have their lunch

	away from main areas of the school, some of the students who attend
	benefit from social interaction, reduced sensory stimulation and adult
	support with eating and communicating.
Part Time	Students with particular medical needs, whether this be linked to their
Timetables/	physical or mental health, may be offered a bespoke timetable in
Phased	conjunction with advice from their hospital consultant, CAMHS or other
return to	mental health services. In addition, some students may be offered a
school.	bespoke timetable to meet their particular needs on a case-by-case basis.
	These timetables are sometimes offered to support students making a
	transition in to or out of the school to improve their outcomes.
Children or	Within Gloucestershire Early Help Hubs (Families First Plus) provide multi-
young	agency support for children and families. A phone call to discuss a possible
people with	referral is helpful before making written referral. Barnwood Park School
multiple	actively refers to Early Help Hubs when appropriate:
needs	Early Help Hubs/Families First Plus:
(vulnerable)	Gloucester: email: gloucesterearlyhelphub@gloucestershire.gov.uk
or multiple	<u>tel:01452</u> 328076;
needs	This team comprises the following professionals: Early Help Hub co-
(complex)	ordinators, Community Lead Professional - disabled children and young
requiring	people, Inclusion Co-ordinator, Community Social Worker, Family Support
multi-	Workers. They all work together from one base so they can recognise and
agency	respond to local needs and act as a focal point for co-ordinating support
input or	for vulnerable children, young people and their families.
assessment.	Support provided includes:
	 Support for school and community based lead professionals
	working with children and families
	 Collaboration with social care referrals that do not meet their
Professionals	thresholds, to co-ordinate support within the community
can contact	 Work in partnership to support children with special educational
Early Help	needs in school; Advice and guidance from a social work
Hubs for	perspective on a 'discussion in principle basis'
discussions in	Support children with disabilities and their families to access
principle with	activities and meet specific needs; Advice and guidance to lead
community	professionals
social worker	 Provision of high quality parenting and family support services to
- Debbie Webb in	families.
Gloucester.	Youth Support Team (YST):
	The Youth Support Team provide a range of services for vulnerable young
	people aged between 11 - 19 (and up to 25 for young people with special
	needs), including:
	 Youth offending Children in Care
	 Children in Care Care leaver's support services (for those aged 16+)
	 Care leaver's support services (for those aged 10+) Early intervention and prevention service for 11 - 19-year-olds
	 Support for young people with learning difficulties and/or
	disabilities
	 Positive activities for young people with disabilities
	 Support with housing and homelessness
	 Help and support to tackle substance misuse problems and other
	health issues
	 Support into education, training and employment
	- Support for teenage parents

	Support with Harmful Sovueliced Rehaviour
	 Support with Harmful Sexualised Behaviour For General Enquiries: T: 01452 426900 E: info.glos@prospects.co.uk
	To make a referral: T: 01452 427923 E: fasttrackteam@prospects.co.uk
Universal	Gloucestershire Family Information Service (FIS) advisors give impartial
source of	information on childcare, finances, parenting and education . FIS are a
help for all	useful source of information for parents and professionals. The
families in	information is designed to support families, children and young people and
Gloucesters	professionals working with these families. They can help link parents up
hire:	with other organisations that might be able to help or provide the
Gloucesters	information themselves e.g. parents could ask them about holiday clubs
hire Family	for your children across Gloucestershire. Contact the FIS by emailing:
Information	
Service	familyinfo@gloucestershire.gov.uk
(FIS): the	T: (0800) 542 0202 or (01452) 427362.
website	
which has a	
wealth of	
information	
to support	
many issues	
such as	
childcare	
and support	
for children	
with	
disabilities.	
www.glosfa	
milies.org	
https://send	
iassglos.org.	
<u>uk/</u>	
Mental	 Referral to school nurses may be appropriate.
health	 CAMHS advice for parents and carers: <u>https://www.ghc.nhs.uk/our-</u>
concerns	teams-and-services/cyp-glos/ or NHS Mental Health Services
	Referral to CAMHS (Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services)
	via Barnwood Park pastoral/safeguarding team or via your own GP:
	 email: <u>CAMHSreferrals@ghc.nhs.uk</u> Young Minds Matter for low level CBT. T- 0300 421 8100
	 TIC+ (Teens in Crisis, Gloucestershire) counselling service T – 01594
	372 777 SMS – 07520 634063 General Enquiries –
	admin@ticplus.org.uk
	 For children/young people/adults with existing mental health
	difficulties concerns should be discussed with the existing medical
	professionals (consultant psychiatrists).
	 In an emergency call 999 or 0800 169 0398 Option 2 for Gloucester
	& Forest
	Not in a crisis but need help contact 111 Canaus* Demonstration lines To 01452 204200 or 01242 C24050
	CAMHS* Parent advice line T: 01452 894300 or 01242 634050 TIC: Dependent even ext
	<u>TIC+ Parental support</u>

Children	Education Inclusion Service:
who require	
a Multi-	Schoolsnet Inclusion service:
Agency	https://www.gloucestershire.gov.uk/schoolsnet/your-pupils/special-
response	educational-needs-and-disabilities-send/sencospot/senco-
that is not	toolkit/support-services/
yet being	
provided	GlosFamilies Directory
	https://www.glosfamiliesdirectory.org.uk/kb5/gloucs/glosfamilies/servic
	e.page?id=3nUAyo9Ccn8
GSCB	Important information for parents and professionals across
(Gloucester	Gloucestershire in relation to keeping children safe and avenues of support
shire	including early help options.
Safeguardin	
g Children's	
Board)	
website.	
http://www.	
gscb.org.uk	
Substance	www.infobuzz.co.uk/: InfoBuzz offers therapeutic and practical support for
misuse	families and young people with complex needs. They can provide targeted
concerns	support around drugs & emotional health issues, development of personal
	& social skills, and information & support around substance misuse. At
	Barnwood Park, we have use of a screening tool when there are drug use
	concerns and we can make referrals to Infobuzz or other appropriate
	agencies.
	Drugs education is covered in the Barnwood Park PSHE/SMSC curriculum
	as a preventative measure.
	EMAIL: <u>admin@infobuzz.co.uk</u> T: 01452 50108
Child Sexual	CSE screening tool can be located on the GSCB website along with the
exploitation	Gloucestershire Multi-agency protocol for safeguarding children who are at
(CSE)	risk of abuse through child sexual exploitation. This should be completed
	if CSE suspected by Barnwood Park staff. Parents can also refer to this.
Child Sexual Exploitation	Clear information about warning signs of child sexual exploitation, the
(CSE) involves	screening tool and Gloucestershire's multi-agency protocol for
exploitative	safeguarding children at risk of CSE are at:
situations,	https://www.gloucestershire.police.uk/advice/advice-and-
contexts and	information/caa/child-abuse/child-sexual-exploitation/
relationships where young	
people receive	Referrals are to Gloucestershire social care and the Gloucestershire Police.
something (for	Further information: National Working Group Exploitation
example food,	Response Unit (formerly National Working Group for Sexually
accommodatio	Exploited Children and Young People). Network tackling Child
n, drugs, alcohol or	Sexual Exploitation) <u>www.nwgnetwork.org</u> and PACE UK (Parents
gifts, money	Against Child Sexual Exploitation) <u>www.paceuk.info</u>
or in some	
cases simply	Gloucestershire MAPPA (Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements)
affection) because of	are a set of arrangements to manage the risk posed by the most serious
	sexual and violent offenders (MAPPA-eligible offenders) under the
enggging in	
engaging in sexual	provisions of sections 325 to 327B of the Criminal Justice Act 2003. They

exploitation is marked out by an imbalance of power in a relationship. It can take many forms ranging from seemingly (consensual' relationships to serious organised crime by gangs and groups. Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements Domestic Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements Domestic The GSCB (Gloucestershire Safeguarding Children's board) have published a Domestic Abuse pathway for educational settings which is on the GSCB (Gloucestershire Safeguarding Children's Board) website. If a child or young person is suspected of living at home with a domestically abusive parent or if a young person has domestic abuse in their own relationship, then the usual procedures should be followed and a referral made to the children's helpdesk (tel: 01452 426565). The response will vary according to the age of the young person so that the appropriate agencies are involved. Gloucestershire Domestic Abuse Support Service (GDASS) www.gdass.org.uk
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www.gdass.org.uk
Helpline – 01452 726570
Email – <u>support@gdass.org.uk</u>
24 hour national Domestic Abuse Helpline: 0808 2000 247
MARAC Gloucestershire Constabulary: Multi Agency Risk Assessment
Conferences (MARACs) prioritise the safety of victims who have been risk
assessed at high or very high risk of harm. The MARAC is an integral part of
the Specialist Domestic Violence Court Programme, and information will be
shared between the MARAC and the Courts, in high and very high-risk
cases, as part of the process of risk management.
Teenage Please see comment about the Domestic abuse pathway for educational
relationship settings above (in domestic violence section).
abuse <u>www.gov.uk</u> – home office 'teacher's guide to violence and abuse in
teenage relationships.' All violence or suspected violence should be
Domestic and reported to the police and/or social care as appropriate. GDASS
(Gloucestershire Domestic Abuse Support Service) can be referred to for
abuse is any support.
• STREET – is a county wide service for young people aged 13-19 who
controlling, have experienced or are experiencing teenage relationship abuse,
bullying, are adversely affected by domestic abuse in the home either
violent
behaviour relationships. STREET offers 1:1 support and evidence-based group
between programmes CRUSH & The Recovery Toolkit.
people in a <u>https://www.westmerciawomensaid.org/</u> or <u>GHLL</u>
people in a personalhttps://www.westmerciawomensaid.org/or GHLL• Lead GHLL Teacher for advice and support with curriculum
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includes	
includes emotional,	Prevention: Resources used in the PSHE curriculum with students include
physical,	the 'Teenage Relationship Abuse' and 'Give and Get' (about consent)
sexual,	Curriculum resources – <u>www.ghll.org.</u>
financial,	
psychological,	Examples of domestic and teen relationship abuse can be:
or digital	 Constantly putting a person down
abuse (using	Constantly checking where someone is
social media	 Stopping someone from seeing their friends and family
or mobile	
phones).	Hitting, pushing, kicking, pinching
Abusive behaviour can	 Throwing or smashing things
continue even	 Making threats to hurt someone
after the	 Sending lots of unwanted text messages
relationship	 Checking what someone spends their money on
has ended.	 Making someone pay for everything
Domestic and	 Making someone do sexual things they do not want to do
teen	
relationship	
abuse is a	
repeated pattern of	
behaviour. It	
often includes	
several	
different types	
of abusive	
behaviour,	
and may get worse the	
longer the two	
people are	
together.	
People use	
domestic	
abuse to	
control other	
people. Both males	
and females	
can be abused	
or abusers.	
Fabricated	http://www.nhs.uk/Conditions/Fabricated-or-induced-illness for
and induced	information on behaviours and motivation behind FII. Any professionals
illness (FII)	suspecting FII must involve the Police, Social Services and follow the child
	protection procedures outlined in this policy. Members of the public
	concerned about FII can contact the social care helpdesk.
Faith abuse	www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-action-plan-to-tackle-
	<u>child-abuse-linked-to-faith-or-belief</u> for copy of DfE document ' national
Abuse linked	action plan to tackle child abuse linked to faith or belief.'
to faith or	•
belief is where	Judith Knight; Diocese of Gloucester Head of Safeguarding/faith abuse
concerns for a	contact: <u>iknight@glosdioc.org.uk</u> . For other faith groups contact Nigel
child's welfare	Hatton (GCC LADO – Gloucestershire County Council Local Authority
have been	Designated Officer) responsible for safeguarding matters across the county
identified, and	council.
could be	
caused by, a belief in	
benet in	

witchcraft,	Here is a useful link to Karma Nirvana which is a charity that helps people
spirit or	suffering from HBA/HBV and can provide practical support and help:
demonic possession,	https://karmanirvana.org.uk/
ritual or	
satanic abuse	
features, or	
when	
practices linked to faith	
or belief are	
harmful to a	
child.	
Female	Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) comprises all procedures involving
genital	partial or total removal or the external female genitalia. FGM is illegal in
mutilation	the UK and as of October 2015 mandatory reporting commenced. If
(FGM)	Barnwood Park staff discover that an act of FGM appears to have been
	carried out on a girl under 18 years old there is a statutory duty to report
	it to the police.
	Read http://www.nhs.uk/Conditions/female-genital-mutilation
	for NHS information and signs of FGM. Any suspicion of FGM should be
	referred to the Police and social care.
	 Barnwood Park DSL along with other key members of staff have
	completed the online home office training, 'Female Genital Mutilation:
	Recognising and Preventing FGM'
	 E-learning package- <u>FGM Online course</u> for interested staff or
	professionals (free home office e-learning)
	If you have any concerns that FGM might be carried out on a young person
	you must call the police and children's helpdesk (social services).
Forced	If you think you or someone you know might be forced into marriage
marriage	please call this unit for advice/support:
A forward	UK Forced Marriage Unit fmu@fcdo.gov.uk
A forced marriage is	Telephone: 020 7008 0151
where you are	(0044 20 7008 0151 from overseas)
coerced into	Call 999 (police) in an emergency. www.gov.uk/stop-forced-marriage for information on Forced Marriage.
marrying	Visit the Home Office website to undertake Forced Marriage e-learning
someone	package <u>https://www.gov.uk/forced-marriage</u> . GSCB one day Awareness
against your will. You may	training delivered by Infobuzz <u>www.gscb.org.uk</u>
be physically	Please see 'Multi-Agency Practice Guidelines- Handling cases of Forced
threatened or	Marriage' for more information and detail:
emotionally	https://www.gov.uk/forcedmarriage.
blackmailed to do so. It is an	All practitioners must be aware of this, that is they may only have <u>one</u>
abuse of	<u>chance</u> to speak to a potential victim and thus they may only have one
human rights	chance to save a life. This means that all practitioners working within
and cannot be	statutory agencies need to be aware of their responsibilities and
justified on any religious	obligations when they come across forced marriage cases. If the victim is
or cultural	allowed to walk out of the door without support being offered, that one
basis.	chance might be wasted.
	Prevention Freedom Charity- Aneeta Prem 'But it's not fair' book. A book
Forced	for teenagers looking at forced marriage from the point of view of school
marriage is not the same	friends of the girl who went to India and didn't come back. This book
as an arranged	promotes discussion. <u>www.freedomcharity.org.uk</u> The Freedom Charity
marriage	(UK charity) have a helpline, text facility and app which can be downloaded
where you	

have a choice as to whether you accept the arrangement. The tradition of arranged marriages has operated successfully within many communities and countries for a long time.	to help to provide support and protection for victims of abuse, FGM or forced marriage. They can be contacted on Tel: 0845 607 0133 or text 4freedom to 88802 or go to the website to download the app from the app page.
Gangs and youth	Great Expectations is a multi-agency working partnership to reduce crime and anti-social behaviour. This project supports people on the periphery of
violence	crime; it involves the constabulary's Youth Engagement Officers,
	Gloucester City Homes, HM Prison Service, the Probation Service, the County Council's Families First programme and Social Care. Together they
	provide a programme of education, prevention and diversion to assist
	young people in making the right choices in life and so to aoid a potential
	life of crime.
	Contact the Avenger Task Force: Gloucestershire Police www.gloucestershire.police.uk
Gender-	www.gov.uk – home office policy document, 'Ending violence against
based	women and girls in the UK' (June 2014).
violence/vio	https://wawg.ca/ - Woman Abuse Working Group
lence against	FGM (Female Genital Mutilation) is violence against women and girls. Hope House SARC (Sexual Assault Referral Centre): 01452 754390
women and	Gloucestershire Rape and Sexual Abuse Centre: 01452 526770
girls	
Honour	The police have made it a high priority to help communities fight back to
based abuse (HBA)	tackle both honour based abuse and hate crime. The 'Honour Network Help line': 0800 5 999 247
Private	http://www.gloucestershire.gov.uk/privatefostering
fostering	Gloucestershire County council website information on private fostering. Refer to Gloucestershire Children & Families Helpdesk on 01452 426565 or
	Foster Care Services – GCC 01242 507310 A private fostering arrangement is essentially one that is made without the
	involvement of a local authority. Private fostering is defined in the Children
	Act 1989 and occurs when a child or young person under the age of 16
	(under 18 if disabled) is cared for and provided with accommodation, for
	28 days or more, by someone who is not their parent, guardian or a close
	relative. (Close relatives are defined as; step-parents, siblings, brothers or sisters of parents or grandparents).
Sharing of	https://www.nspcc.org.uk/globalassets/documents/advice-and-
nude or	info/sexting-keep-child-safe.pdf (NSPCC website).
semi-nude	Prevention: 'So you got naked online' (sexting information leaflet
images (conting)	produced for students by south west grid for learning) included in the Barnwood Park PSHE Curriculum. <i>Students informed that sexting is illegal but</i>
(sexting)	the police have stated that young people should be treated as victims in the first place and not usually face prosecution. The police's priority is those who profit from sexual images of young people not the victims.

Radicalisati on and Extremism (PREVENT duty).	 All of Barnwood Park teachers have had training in how to spot the signs of radicalisation and extremism and when to refer to the school's safeguarding team. The school's DSL has received the Home Office WRAP (Workshop to Raise awareness of PREVENT) training.
HM Government PREVENT duty: As of 1 July 2015 duty in the Counter- terrorism and security act 2015 for specified authorities	 Key Contacts: www.npcc.police.uk https://www.gloucestershire.police.uk/advice/advice-and-information/t/prevent/prevent/ Anti-Terrorist Hotline: T 0800 789 321 The 'Advice on the Prevent duty' written by the Department for Education explains what governors and <u>staff</u> can do if they have any concerns relating to extremism. The Department for Education has also set up a telephone helpline (020 7340 7264) to enable people to raise concerns directly. Concerns can also be raised by email to counter.extremism@education.gsi.gov.uk.
(including all schools) to have due regard to the need to prevent people being drawn in to terrorism. If you see extremist of terrorist content online please report it via: https://ww w.gov.uk/re port- terrorism	Prevention: Barnwood Park teach traditional British values through the PSHE and SMSC curriculum: democracy, rule of law, respect for and tolerance of others including those with protected characteristics set out in the Equality Act 2010, liberty, tolerance and acceptance of those with different faiths and beliefs and promotion of 'Britishness'. E-safety is an important aspect of the curriculum to keep students safe from radicalisation. Students need to understand that radicalisation can be a form of grooming online and understand the notion of propaganda or "Fake News". They need to be taught to be discerning about what they read on the internet as the dangers of speaking to strangers online. Barnwood Park also seeks to equip parents with the knowledge of how to safeguard their children from radicalisation. Let's talk about it is an excellent website for parents <u>www.ltai.info/</u> as is <u>www.preventtragedies.co.uk</u> While it remains very rare for school age children to become involved in extremist activity to the point of committing criminal acts, young people can be exposed to extremist influences or prejudiced views, including via the internet, from an early age. As with other forms of criminality or risk of harm, early intervention is always preferable. Schools, working with other local partners, families and communities, can help support pupils who may be vulnerable as part of wider safeguarding responsibilities.
Trafficking	Serious crime which must be reported to Nigel Hatton (Gloucestershire LADO) and the Gloucestershire Police 999 or 101 Trafficking can include a young person being moved across the same street to a different address for the purpose of exploitation. It doesn't have to include people, children or young people being moved great distances.
Children who run away (missing persons/mis sing children)	Children's Helpdesk: 01452 426565 (8am-5pm) GSCB Missing Children Protocol (September 2020) https://www.gloucestershire.gov.uk/gscp/safeguarding-resource- library/missing-protocol/ Gloucestershire's protocol on partnership working when children and young people run away and go missing from home or care.

	ASTRA (Gloucestershire): The ASTRA (Alternative Solutions to Running Away) has the primary aim of reducing the incidence of persistent running away across Gloucestershire. The project provides support, advice and information to young people up to eighteen years old who have run away. This might be from a family home, foster home or from a residential unit. ASTRA provides support after the event to enable a young person to address the causes of running away. The ASTRA project offers young people help and the support required in order to find Alternative Solutions To Running Away.
Children	Anyone concerned that a child is missing education (CME) can make a
who are	referral to the Access to Education Team at Gloucestershire County
absent from	Council. Tel: 01452 328774/426015.
school, have	Missingpupils@gloucestershire.gov.uk
patterns of	Children Missing Education (CME) refers to 'any child of compulsory
absence or	school age who is not registered at any formally approved education
are persistently	activity e.g., school, alternative provision, elective home education, and has been out of education provision for at least 4 weeks'. CME also
absent	includes those children who are missing (family whereabouts unknown),
could	and are usually children who are registered on a school roll / alternative
indicate	provision. This might be a child who is not at their last known address and
potential	either: has not taken up an allocated school place as expected, or has 10 or
abuse or	more days of continuous absence from school without explanation, or left
neglect.	school suddenly and the destination is unknown. It is the responsibility of
	the EPI team, on behalf of the Local Authority (LA), to: Collate information
	on all reported cases of CME of statutory school aged children in
	Gloucestershire maintained schools, academies, free schools, alternative
	provision academies and Alternative Provision Schools (APS). The EPI Team
	will also liaise with partner agencies and other LAs and schools across
	Britain to track pupils who may be missing education and ensure each child
	missing education is offered full time education within 2 weeks of the date
	the LA was informed.